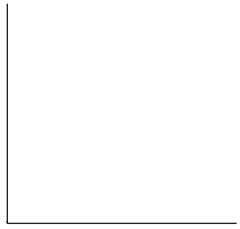
TJ-0-1.154, *theoretical model of the magnetic field*

$$L_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} m \times (m \times h_{\text{eff}})$$

$$\frac{L_{\text{eff}}}{h_{\text{eff}}} = \frac{T300}{m} + (h_0 + m_z)z, \quad (1)$$

*Note:*  $L_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} m \times (m \times h_{\text{eff}})$ ,  $T300 = \frac{1}{2} m \times (m \times h_{\text{eff}}) \times T$ ,  $h_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{2} m \times (m \times h_{\text{eff}}) \times \mu$

$h_0(x,t)z$   $m_{zz}C$   
 $H > M \cdot T$   
 $\mu_0 M(Q-1)$   
L751 T T0.662ET962G202661(T16261040696 0 TD (S)T125F1 1 Tf =.664 0 TD 0 Tc 05H



$m_z = 0.5$ . F  
 $= 0.01$ ,  $15\text{-}\mu$   
 $30\text{-}\mu$ ,  $600\text{-}\mu$   
 $= 0.001$ ,  $3\text{-}\mu$   
 $70\text{-}\mu$ ,  $10\text{-}\mu$   
 $10.3\text{-}\mu$

$$\frac{|\nabla h_0|}{\alpha} \ll 1 \quad (3)$$

(6) If  $f > 0.3$ , then  $W_{-1} < h_0 < 0$ ,  $(V_-) = (0,0)$  is a switching separatrix. Then  $(V_-) = (0, -h_0)$ . Let

